BHAGAVAD GITA AND INDIAN ETHICS PREACHING OF GREAT PHILOSOPHER ADI SANKARA

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42. Spirituality and Corporate Affairs: Insights from Indian Philosophy

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Abstract

In an era marked by corporate scandals and ethical lapses, the integration of spirituality into business ethics offers a compelling framework for sustainable and principled leadership. Indian philosophy with its deep-rooted spiritual traditions provides a rich reservoir of ethical guidance that changes the profit motives and emphasize dharma, satya and ahimsa which also offers valuable insights into integrating spirituality with corporate ethics that emphasize certain values, such as dharma, karma, and the interconnectedness of all beings, which lead to more ethical and socially responsible business practices. This paper tries to explore how spiritual insights can inform and elevate ethical conduct in organizational settings. Ancient epics like the Bhagavad Gita and the Arthashastra offer enduring guidance for holistic decision-making and inner governance. So, by framing corporate ethics through a spiritual lens, Indian Philosophical traditions advocate for value-based leadership, stakeholder empathy, and sustainable business practices. Lastly, this study ultimately proposes that aligning inner values with external action can foster resilience, trust, and long-term success in contemporary organizations.

Keywords: Indian Philosophy, Spirituality, Tradition.

Introduction:

Indian philosophical traditions advocate for a life of self-awareness, detachment from egodriven desires, and alignment with the universal principles. Thus, these teachings are not merely spiritual ideals but practical tools for navigating complex organizational dynamics. The intersection of spirituality and corporate ethics is gaining renewed attention as organizations grapple with issues of trust, sustainability, and social responsibility. In contrast to Western models that often emphasize external compliance and utilitarian outcomes, the Indian Philosophy offers an inward-looking consciousness-based approach to ethical behavior. Indian management thought, as reflected in texts like the Arthashastra, integrates ethics with strategy and suggests a long-term prosperity inseparable from moral conduct.

The resurgence of interest in spirituality within corporate discourse is not merely a cultural or philosophical curiosity-it is a response to the growing realization that ethical codes and compliance mechanisms alone are insufficient to foster truly responsible organizations. Indian

philosophy offers a distinctive ethical compass, rooted in the cultivation of inner virtues rather than external enforcement This metaphysical insight has practical implications when leader recognize their interconnectedness with employees, customers, and the environment, as they are more likely to act with empathy, fairness, and foresight. Indian management thinkers have begun to integrate these principles into frameworks such as value-based leadership with holistic performance metrics. These models challenge the dominance of profit-centric paradigms by proposing that organizational excellence must be measured not only by financial outcomes but also by the cultivation of trust, purpose, and social harmony. This paper positions Indian spirituality not as an abstract ideal but as a pragmatic and transformative force in corporate ethics

Key Concepts of Spirituality:

Dharma (Righteous Duty) Central to Indian Ethics, dharma guides individuals and organizations to act in ways that uphold social harmony and moral responsibility. In business, this translates to environmental stewardship, ethical governance, and fair labor practices.

Nishkama Karma (Selfless Action) From the Bhagavad Gita, this principle encourages action without attachment to outcomes. It promotes integrity, long-term thinking, and resilience in leadership. **Advaita (non-dualism):** The Vedantic idea of interconnectedness fosters empathy and stakeholder-centric decision-making. Leaders who internalize this are more likely to prioritize collective well-being over individual gain. **Antaryami (Inner governance):**

Ethical leadership in Indian Philosophy is rooted in self-awareness and conscience. This inner compass is seen as more enduring than external codes of conduct. Lokasangraha (Welfare of All); A Recurring theme in Indian texts, this principle urges businesses to serve society, not just shareholders-aligning closely with modern CSR and ESG frameworks.

Contemporary Applications:

Dharma-Driven governance: Modern Indian Companies are increasingly embedding dharma into their corporate governance frameworks. This includes, transparent decision-making process, Ethical supply chain management, Fair treatment of employees

Mindfulness and Inner Governance : Inspired by antaryami(inner conscience), many organizations now offer: Mindfulness training for executives to improve ethical clarity, Meditation rooms and wellness programs to foster inner balance, Leadership coaching rooted in Vedantic principles of self-awareness and detachment

CSR rooted in Lokasangraha: The concept of lokasangraha (welfare of all) is reflected in ", Community development initiatives, Environmental sustainability programs, Inclusive hiring and upskilling of marginalized groups

Spiritual Quotient (SQ) in Leadership Models: Beyond IQ and EQ, Indian firms are exploring Spiritual Quotient as a metric for leadership development that emphasizes, Purpose-driven leadership, Ethical resilience, Compassionate decision-making

Case Examples Tata Group: Known for its ethical legacy, the group integrates Gandhian and Vedantic values into its business philosophy, Infosys: Promotes ethical leadership and transparency, inspired by Indian Philosophical ideals

Perspectives on Spirituality and Corporate Ethics: Insights from Indian Philosophy: Spirituality:

Spirituality is a deeply personal and multifaceted concept that transcends religious boundaries and touches on our sense of meaning, connection, and inner purpose. It is a pursuit of a deeper understanding of life and our place within it, often involving a connection to something greater than oneself—be it a higher power, the universe, nature or the collective human spirit. It is the inner journey toward understanding life's deeper dimensions beyond material success. The meaning lies in the pursuit of connection with oneself and others, nature, or with higher consciousness, and with clarity of intention. It goes beyond ego and daily distractions to experience peace and sacredness by living in alignment with your true self and inner values.

Purpose of Spirituality:

Spirituality helps answer questions like "Why am I here?" or "What truly matters?". Feeling linked to something greater, be it the universe, a divine presence, or the collective human spirit that moves beyond ego and daily distractions to experience the peace and sacredness. Spirituality encourages individuals to look beyond surface identities like profession, status or possessions and discover their true selves. Spirituality offers a moral and emotional compass, and it helps individuals to find meaning in suffering, maintain hope and make decisions rooted in wisdom rather than fearlt is a continuous journey of self-improvement, and it inspires individuals to evolve morally, emotionally, and intellectually, striving to become the best version of themselves. According to Indian traditions, the ultimate purpose of life is to realize the soul divine and reunite the source that bring lasting peace and liberation.

Corporate Ethics:

Corporate ethics refer to the moral values, standards, and principles that guide the behavior of a company and its employees in conducting business. It also goes beyond legal compliance to encompass what is considered right, fair, and responsible in a broader social context. Some of the core principles of corporate ethics are Integrity, which means acting honestly and consistently with moral values even when no one is watching. Transparency means the open communication with stakeholders, including customers, employees, and investors. Accountability means taking

responsibility for decisions and their consequences. Ensuring equal treatment and opportunities for all stakeholders. Valuing diversity and the dignity of the individuals

Applications of ethics on

Corporate Governance: Ethical leadership, stakeholder engagement, and board accountabilityEnvironmental Responsibility: Sustainable practices and minimizing ecological harm Social Responsibility: Community engagement and philanthropy Customer Relations: Honest marketing, data privacy, and product safety Employee relations: Fair wages, safe working conditions, and non-discriminatory practices.

How far is Spirituality and Corporate Ethics related?

Spirituality and corporate ethics are deeply interwoven like the roots and trunk of a tree as one nourishes the other. While corporate ethics provides the external framework for responsible behavior, spirituality offers the internal compass that guides individuals and organizations toward integrity, empathy, and purpose. Some facts that show how spirituality and corporate ethics are interrelated are,

Inner Governance Fuels Ethical Leadership:

Inner governance is nothing but the ability to lead oneself through self-awareness, conscience, and moral clarity, which is foundational to ethical leadership. It is the invisible engine that powers visible integrity in a corporate context The leaders who practice inner governance are deeply attuned to their values, biases, and motivations. This type of self-awareness helps them to recognize ethical dilemmas early and resist reactive or ego-driven decisions, which align actions with long-term purpose rather than short-term gain. The Indian philosophy also inner witness or guiding self, which says the ethical leaders draw on this inner voice to make decisions that reflect fairness and compassion that uphold integrity, even when external pressures mount, and serve as role models for principled behavior.

Shared foundation in values

Spirituality and corporate ethics share a profound foundation in universal human values, and this shared base is what makes their integration so powerful and enduring. In this context, spirituality emphasizes satya as a path to inner clarity and authenticity that nurtures compassion through the recognition of interconnectedness, that teaches Karma that every action has consequences, which promotes selfless service and purpose beyond the self. Corporate ethics demands honesty in communication, reporting and stakeholder relations that apples this through fair labour practices, inclusive policies and customer care, which emphasize accountability to stakeholders and society that aligns with this through CSR sustainability and stakeholder engagement. Spirituality and Corporate ethics together promote transparency and trust, of which

shared value fosters humane and inclusive workplaces that encourage thoughtful, consequence-aware decision-making that shifts business from profit-only to purpose-driven.

Purpose-driven business

It places its core mission not just profit at the heart of its strategy, culture, and operations, it is answering the deeper "why" behind what a company does and align the purpose that goes beyond products or services-its best solving a meaningful problem or contributing to a greater cause that considers the well-being of employees, customers, communities and the planet-not just shareholders. These decisions are guided by a clear set of values that reflect the company's purpose, which focuses on sustainable impact rather than short-term gains.

Practical integration in organizations

Integrating spirituality with corporate ethics in an organization is about cultivating a deeper sense of purpose, integrity, and human connection in the workplace This provides training to the leaders to develop self-awareness, emotional intelligence, and moral clarity through mindfulness and meditation programs that reflect leadership retreats and coaching based on spiritual principles like dharma and samatvam.

Conclusion:

The convergence of spirituality and corporate ethics as illuminated by Indian Philosophical traditions offers a profound reimagining of organizational purpose and leadership that is rooted in timeless principles such as dharma, satya, adhimsa and nishkama karma, Our Indian Philosophy provide not only a moral compass but also a practical framework for cultivating ethical consciousness in business. Spirituality in this context is not confined to ritual or belief, with a live experience of inner governance, self-awareness, and interconnectedness. When the spiritual insights are integrated into corporate ethics, they foster a culture of authenticity, compassion, and long-term responsibility. Spirituality empowers leaders to transcend ego, embrace humility, and act with a sense of stewardship rather than The convergence of spirituality and ethics invites a redefinition of success not as accumulation, but as alignment, not as dominance but as service. By drawing from the wellspring of Indian philosophical wisdom, business can evolve into conscious intentions that honour both profit and principle, performance and purpose.