

(FOR THE CANDIDATES ADMITTED
DURING THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2024 ONLY)

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REG.NO. :

N.G.M.COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) : POLLACHI
END-OF-SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS : NOVEMBER-2024
COURSE NAME: B.Sc.-MATHEMATICS **MAXIMUM MARKS: 75**
SEMESTER: I **TIME : 3 HOURS**

PART - III
MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS-I

SECTION – A**(10 X 1 = 10 MARKS)****ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.****MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS.****(K1)**

- If a is a constants, then $E(ax) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
 (a) 1 (b) a (c) $aE(1)$ (d) $aE(x)$
- $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ is the $\text{Var}(X)$ for the joint probability density function $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 2 - x - y & 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$
 (a) $\frac{11}{144}$ (b) $\frac{11}{12}$ (c) $\frac{1}{144}$ (d) $\frac{11}{14}$
- Binomial distribution is applied for $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
 a. continuous random variable b. discrete random variable
 c. irregular random variable d. uncertain random variable
- For a $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ its mean, median and mode are equal.
 a. Binomial distribution b. Poisson distribution
 c. normal distribution d. moment generation function
- The Mgf of Gamma distribution is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 (a) $np \sum_{x=1}^n \binom{n-1}{x-1} p^x q^{n-x}$ (b) $M_x(t) = (q + pe^t)^n$
 (c) $\sum_{r=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{t}{\theta}\right)^r$ (d) $M_x(t) = (1-t)^{-\lambda}$, $|t| < 1$

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE (OR) TWO SENTENCES.**(K2)**

- Define discrete random variables.
- Define covariance
- Define the moment generating function of Binomial distribution
- Write the characteristic function of Rectangular distribution.
- Define Exponential distribution.

SECTION – B**(5 X 5 = 25 MARKS)****ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. (K3)**

- a) Analyze the geometric mean G of the distribution $dF = 6(2-x)(x-1)dx$, $1 \leq x \leq 2$ is $6 \log(16G) = 19$.

(OR)

- b) For the frequency distribution $f(x)dx = \frac{2x}{9}dx$, $0 \leq x \leq 3$ find the mean and the standard deviation.

(CONTD.....2)

- 12.a) A random variable X assumes any positive integral value n with a probability to $\frac{1}{3^n}$. Find the expectation of X .

(OR)

- b) Let $X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots, X_n$ be a random variables then prove that

$$V \left[\sum_{i=1}^n a_i X_i \right] = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i^2 V(X_i) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{i < j} a_i a_j \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j)$$

- 13.a) If X and Y are independent Poisson variates with means λ_1 and λ_2 respectively, compute the probability that (i) $X + Y = k$ (ii) $X = Y$.

(OR)

- b) State and prove Chebychev's inequality.

- 14.a) Show that for the rectangular distribution $f(x) = \frac{1}{2a}$, $-a < x < a$ the mgf about origin is

$$\frac{1}{at} \sinh at. \text{ Also show that moments of even order are given by } \mu_{2n} = \frac{a^{2n}}{(2n+1)}.$$

(OR)

- b) Derive moment generating function of Normal Distribution.

- 15.a) Derive the characteristic function of Gamma distribution.

(OR)

- b) Discuss about Beta distribution.

SECTION – C**(5 X 8 = 40 MARKS)****ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.****(K4 (Or) K5)**

16. a) A random variable X has the following probability function

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
P(x)	0	K	2k	2k	3k	k ²	2k ²	7k ² +k

- (i) Find k
 (ii) Evaluate (a) $P(X < 6)$ (b) $P(x \geq 6)$ (c) $P(0 < x < 5)$
 (iii) If $P(x \leq k) > \frac{1}{2}$, find the minimum value of k
 (iv) Determine the distribution function of X .

(OR)

- b) For the following probability distribution $dF = y_0 e^{|x|} dx$, $-\infty \leq x \leq \infty$ show that

$$y_0 = \frac{1}{2}, \mu_1 = 0, \sigma = \sqrt{2} \text{ and mean deviation about mean } 1.$$

- 17.a) Three urns contain respectively 3 green and 2 white balls, 5 green and 6 white balls and 2 green and 4 white balls. One ball is drawn from each urn. Calculate the expected number of white balls drawn out.

(OR)

(CONTD.....3)

17 b) Two random variables X and Y have the following joint probability density function:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 2 - x - y; & 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Calculate

- (i) Marginal probability density function of X and Y
 - (ii) Conditional density functions
 - (iii) Var(X) and Var(Y)
 - (iv) Co-variance between X and Y
18. a) Fit a Poisson distribution to the following data which gives the number of doddens in a sample of clover seeds.

No of doddens(x)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Observed frequency (f)	56	156	132	92	37	22	4	0	1

(OR)

- b) Seven unbiased coins are tossed and number of heads noted. The experiment is repeated 128 times and the following distribution is obtained:

No of heads	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
Frequencies	7	6	19	35	30	23	7	1	128

Reframe the binomial distribution for assuming

- (i) The coin is unbiased.
 - (ii) The nature of the coin is not known.
- 19.a) If X is a normal variate with mean 30 and S.D 5. Evaluate the following probabilities (i) $26 \leq X \leq 40$ (ii) $X \geq 45$ (iii) $|X - 30| > 5$

(OR)

- b) If x is normally distributed with mean 8 S.D 4 Evaluate (i) $P(5 \leq X) \leq 10$ (ii) $P(10 \leq X \leq 15)$ (iii) $P(x \geq 15)$ (iv) $P(X \leq 5)$
- 20.a) Derive the constants of Beta distribution of first kind.

(OR)

- b) Derive the constants of Beta distribution of second kind.
