

(FOR THE CANDIDATES ADMITTED

23UAI2A1

DURING THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2023 ONLY)

REG.NO. :

[Empty box for registration number]

N.G.M.COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) : POLLACHI

END-OF-SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS : MAY-2024

B.SC(CS WITH AI &ML)

MAXIMUM MARKS: 75

SEMESTER: II

TIME : 3 HOURS

PART - III

23UAI2A1- PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

SECTION - A

(10 X 1 = 10 MARKS)

(K1)

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

- If A and B are independent events then \_\_\_\_\_ independent event.  
(a)  $\bar{A}$  and  $\bar{B}$  (b) A and  $\bar{B}$  (c)  $\bar{A}$  and B (d) all
- If a is a constants, then  $E(ax) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) 1 (b) a (c)  $aE(1)$  (d)  $aE(x)$
- If two independent random variables have a bivariate normal distribution, they are independent iff \_\_\_\_\_  
(a)  $\rho = 1$  (b)  $\rho > 1$  (c)  $\rho < 1$  (d)  $\rho = 0$
- If X has the standard normal distribution, then  $X^2$  has the chi-square distribution with \_\_\_\_\_ degrees of freedom .  
(a)  $v = n$  (b)  $v = 1$  (c)  $v > 1$  (d)  $v < n$
- The correlation coefficient lies \_\_\_\_\_  
(a)  $-1 \leq \rho \leq 1$  (b)  $0 \leq \rho \leq 1$  (c)  $1 \leq \rho \leq \infty$  (d)  $-1 \leq \rho \leq 0$

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE (OR) TWO SENTENCES

(K2)

- Define independent event
- If X is the number of points rolled with a balanced die, find the expected value of  $g(x) = 2X^2 + 1$
- Define normal distribution.
- Write the mean and variance of the finite population  $\{c_1, c_2, \dots, c_N\}$
- Define standard error of estimate

SECTION - B

(5 X 5 = 25 MARKS)

ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. (K3)

- Find the probabilities of randomly drawing two aces bin succession from an ordinary deck of 52 playing cards if we sample (i) without replacement (ii) with replacement

(OR)

  - A coin is tossed three times .Find the changes of throwing (i) three heads (ii) two heads and one tail (iii) head and tail alternatively.

( CONT....2)

12. a) If the probability density of X is given by  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2(1-x) & \text{for } 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

Then show that  $E(X^r) = \frac{2}{(r+1)(r+2)}$  use this and evaluate  $E[(2X+1)^2]$

(OR)

- b) Given that X has the probability distribution  $f(x) = \frac{1}{8} \binom{3}{x}$  for  $x = 0, 1, 2$  and 3 find the moment generating function of this random variable and use it to be determine  $\mu_1'$  and  $\mu_2'$

13. a) Prove that the moments generating function of the binomial distribution is  $M_X(t) = [1 + \theta(e^t - 1)]^n$

(OR)

- b) At a certain location on Highway I-10, the number of cars exceeding the speed limit by more than 10 miles per hour in half an hour is a random variable having a Poisson distribution with  $\lambda = 8.4$ . What is the probability of a waiting time of less than 5 minutes between cars exceeding the speed limit by more than 10 miles per hour?

14. a) If  $X_r$  and  $X_s$  are the  $r^{\text{th}}$  and  $s^{\text{th}}$  random variables of a random sample of size n drawn from the

finite population  $\{c_1, c_2, c_3, \dots, c_N\}$  then prove that  $\text{cov}(X_r, X_s) = -\frac{\sigma^2}{n-1}$

(OR)

- b) For random samples of size n from an infinite population that has the value  $f(x)$  at  $x$ , the probability density of the  $r^{\text{th}}$  order statistic  $Y_r$  is given by

$$g_r(y_r) = \frac{n!}{(r-1)!(n-r)!} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{y_r} f(x) dx \right]^{r-1} f(y_r) \left[ \int_{y_r}^{\infty} f(x) dx \right]^{n-r} \text{ for } -\infty < y_r < \infty$$

15. a) If the joint density of  $X_1, X_2$  and  $X_3$  is given by  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \begin{cases} (x_1 + x_2)e^{-x_3} \\ 0 \end{cases}$

Find the regression equation on  $X_2$  on  $X_1$  and  $X_3$

(OR)

- b) Explain Multiple linear regression.

### SECTION – C

(5 X 8 = 40 MARKS)

ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. (K4 (Or) K5)

16. a) Analyze the statement of Baye's theorem.

(OR)

- b) If A, B and C are any three events in a sample space S, then prove that

$$P(A \cup B \cup C) = P(A) + P(B) + P(C) - P(A \cap B) - P(A \cap C) - P(B \cap C) + P(A \cap B \cap C)$$

17. a) Prove that  $\sigma^2 = \mu_2' - \mu^2$ , make use of this to calculate the variance of X, representing the number of points rolled with a balanced die.

(OR)

- b) State and prove Chebyshev's theorem

(CONT....3)

18. a) Determine the mean and variance of the binomial distribution.

(OR)

- b) Determine the mean and variance of the beta distribution.

19. a) State and prove central limit theorem.

(OR)

- b) If  $\bar{X}$  and  $S^2$  are the mean and variance of a random sample of size  $n$  from a normal population with the mean  $\mu$  and the standard deviation  $\sigma$ , then prove that (i)  $\bar{X}$  and  $S^2$  are independent

- (ii) The random variable  $\frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2}$  has a chi-square distribution with  $n-1$  degrees of freedom.

20. a) For the following data

Hours studied x	4	9	10	14	4	7	12	22	1	17
Test score y	31	58	65	73	37	44	60	91	21	84

Find the equation of the least squares line that approximates the regression of the test scores on the number of hours studied and predict the average test score of a person who studied 14 hours for the test.

(OR)

- b) suppose that we want to determine on the basis of the following data whether there is a relationship between the time in minutes, it takes a secretary to complete a certain form in the morning and in the late afternoon:

Morning x	8.2	9.6	7.0	9.4	10.9	7.1	9.0	6.6	8.4	10.5
Afternoon y	8.7	9.6	6.9	8.5	11.3	7.6	9.2	6.3	8.4	12.3

Compute and interpret the sample correlation coefficient.

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