

(FOR THE CANDIDATES ADMITTED  
DURING THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2021 ONLY)

21UMS204

REG.NO. :

**N.G.M.COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) : POLLACHI**  
**END-OF-SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS : JULY-2022**

**B.Sc.-MATHEMATICS** **MAXIMUM MARKS: 70**  
**SEMESTER II** **TIME : 3 HOURS**

**PART - III**  
**ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY**

**SECTION - A** **(10 X 1 = 10 MARKS)**

**ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.**

**MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS.**

**(K1)**

- The locus of the point of intersection of tangents at the extremities of chords through that point is taken as \_\_\_\_\_.  
 1) Pole 2) Polar  
 3) Polar of a point with regard to a Circle 4) Polar of an arbitrary point
- What is the equation of the tangent to the circle  $r = 2a \cos\theta$  at  $\alpha$  ?  
 1)  $r \cos(\theta + 2\alpha) = 2a \cos^2 \alpha$  2)  $r \cos(\theta - 2\alpha) = 2a \cos^2 \alpha$   
 3)  $r \sin(\theta + 2\alpha) = 2a \sin^2 \alpha$  4)  $r \sin(\theta - 2\alpha) = 2a \sin^2 \alpha$
- Which of the following statements represents one of the characteristics of the sphere?  
 1) The coefficients of  $x^2, y^2, z^2$  are equal in the equations of the sphere  
 2) The terms  $xy, yz, zx$  are present  
 3) The equation of the sphere of degree is  $x, y, z$   
 4) The equation of the sphere is a quadratic equation
- How will be the section of a cone by any plane perpendicular to its axis?  
 1) sphere 2) cylinder 3) cone 4) circle
- The axis of the cylinder is parallel to \_\_\_\_\_ of the cylinder.  
 1) the generator 2) circles 3) vertex 4) guiding curve

**ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE (OR) TWO SENTENCES.**

**(K2)**

- What is the condition for the lines  $lx + my + n = 0$  and  $l_1x + m_1y + n_1 = 0$  to be conjugate?
- Write the condition for the line  $\frac{1}{r} = A \cos\theta + B \sin\theta$  to be a tangent to the conic  $\frac{1}{r} = 1 + e \cos\theta$ .
- Represent the equation of a circle on a sphere.
- Define Right circular cone.
- Define ellipsoid.

**SECTION - B**

**(5 X 4 = 20 MARKS)**

**ANSWER EITHER (a) OR (b) IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. (K3)**

11. a) Show that the conjugate lines through a focus of an ellipse are at right angles.

**(OR)**

- b) Show that the product of the perpendicular drawn from any point on a hyperbola to its asymptotes is a constant.

- 12.a) Trace the curve  $\frac{10}{r} = 3 \cos\theta + 4 \sin\theta + 5$ .

**(OR)**

- b) Find the locus of the foot of the perpendicular drawn from the pole to the tangents to the circle  $r = 2a \cos\theta$ .

**(CONTD.....2)**

13.a) Find the equation to the sphere through the four points  $(2, 3, 1)$ ,  $(5, -1, 2)$ ,  $(4, 3, -1)$  and  $(2, 5, 3)$

(OR)

b) Find the equation of the sphere having the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 4y - 6z + 7 = 0$   $2x - y + 2z = 5$  for a great circle.

14.a) Find the equations of the tangent planes to the cone  $9x^2 - 4y^2 + 16z^2 = 0$  which contain the line  $\frac{x}{32} = \frac{y}{72} = \frac{z}{72}$ .

(OR)

b) Find the angle between the lines given by  $x + y + z = 0$ ,  $\frac{yz}{b-c} + \frac{zx}{c-a} + \frac{xy}{a-b} = 0$ .

15.a) Find the equation of a right circular cylinder of radius 3 with axis  $\frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{y-4}{6} = \frac{z-1}{2}$ .

(OR)

b) Find the condition that the line  $\frac{x-\alpha}{l} = \frac{y-\beta}{m} = \frac{z-\gamma}{n}$  should intersect the polar of the line  $\frac{x-\alpha_1}{l_1} = \frac{y-\beta_1}{m_1} = \frac{z-\gamma_1}{n_1}$  with respect to the conicoid  $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$ .

### SECTION - C

(4 X 10 = 40 MARKS)

#### ANSWER ANY FOUR OUT OF SIX QUESTIONS

(16<sup>th</sup> QUESTION IS COMPULSORY AND ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS (FROM Qn. No : 17 to 21) (K4 (Or) K5)

16. If OD is the diameter parallel to secant APQ through A meeting the conicoid at P and Q show that  $\frac{AP \cdot AQ}{OD^2}$  is constant.

17. Find the locus of the middle point of chords of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$  which subtend a right angle at the point  $(h, k)$ .

18. If the normal at  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  on  $\frac{l}{r} = 1 + \cos\theta$  meet in the point  $(p, \varphi)$  then show that

$$(i) \tan \frac{\alpha}{2} + \tan \frac{\beta}{2} + \tan \frac{\gamma}{2} = 0 \quad (ii) \alpha + \beta + \gamma = 2n\pi + 2\varphi$$

19. Find the condition that the line  $\frac{x-a}{l} = \frac{y-b}{m} = \frac{z-c}{n}$  where  $l^2 + m^2 + n^2 = 1$  should touch the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0$ . Show that there are two spheres through the points  $(0, 0, 0)$ ,  $(2a, 0, 0)$ ,  $(0, 2b, 0)$  which touch the above line and that the distance between their centres is  $\frac{2}{n^2} [c^2 - (a^2 + b^2 + c^2)n^2]^{1/2}$

20. Find the condition for the equation  $F(x, y, z) = ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 + 2fyz + 2gzx + 2hxy + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0$  to represent a cone. If it represents a cone, show that the co-ordinates of the vertex satisfy the equations  $\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial F}{\partial t} = 0$  where  $t$  is used to make  $F(x, y, z)$  homogenous and is equated to unity after differentiation.

21. Find the locus of the point of intersection of three mutually perpendicular tangent planes to the central conicoid  $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$ .

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